

Summary of Risk Management Plan for Eribulin Viatris (Eribulin)

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Eribulin Viatris. The RMP details important risks of eribulin, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about eribulin's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Eribulin Viatris's summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how it should be used.

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of Eribulin's RMP.

I. The Medicine and What it is Used For

Eribulin Viatris is authorised for indicated for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer who have progressed after at least one chemotherapeutic regimen for advanced disease and for the treatment of adult patients with unresectable liposarcoma who have received prior anthracycline containing therapy (unless unsuitable) for advanced or metastatic disease. It contains eribulin as the active substance and it is given by intravenous administration.

II. Risks Associated with the Medicine and Activities to Minimise or Further Characterise the Risks

Important risks of Eribulin Viatris, together with measures to minimise such risks are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific Information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the public (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute routine risk minimisation measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse events is collected continuously and regularly analysed, so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute routine pharmacovigilance activities.

II.A List of Important Risks and Missing Information

Important risks of Eribulin Viatris are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely administered to patients. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Eribulin Viatris. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently

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missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the long-term use of the medicine/use in special patient populations etc.);

Table 6: Part VI.1- Summary of safety concerns

List of Important Risks and Missing Information	
Important Identified Risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Peripheral neuropathy• Tachycardia• Disseminated intravascular coagulation
Important Potential Risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Adverse pregnancy outcomes• Male infertility• Gastrointestinal perforation
Missing Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• None

II.B Summary of Important Risks

The safety information in the proposed Product Information is aligned to the reference medicinal product.

II.C Post-Authorisation Development Plan

II.C.1 Studies Which are Conditions of the Marketing Authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of Eribulin Viatrix.

II.C.2 Other Studies in Post-Authorisation Development Plan

There are no studies required for Eribulin Viatrix.